



Target Market Determination

Issuer	Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (PFSL)		
ABN	29 082 494 362	AFSL	238 371
Fund	Firetrail Australian High Conviction Fund	ARSN	624 136 045
APIR	WHT3810AU, WHT1708AU, WHT6270AU		
ISIN	AU60WHT38105, AU60WHT17083, AU60WHT62709)	
Exchange Code	FTR02		
TMD issue date:	30/11/2023	TMD Version	3

SUMMARY This product is intended for use as a minor allocation for a consumer who is seeking capital growth and has a Very high risk and return profile for that portion of their investment portfolio. It is likely to be consistent with the financial situation and needs of a consumer with a 5 years investment timeframe and who is unlikely to need to withdraw their money on less than one week's notice.

This Target Market Determination (TMD) is required under section 994B of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (Act). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is not a product disclosure statement and is not a summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation, or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the Product Disclosure Statement for the Firetrail Australian High Conviction Fund before making a decision whether to invest in the product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by visiting www.firetrail.com or by contacting the issuer on 1300 010 311.

TMD Indicator Key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red/amber/green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market (Green) See issuer instructions (Amber) Not considered in target market (Red)

Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

Appropriateness

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table below are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of minor allocation). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a Target Market Determination | Firetrail Australian High Conviction Fund | Version 3 1





High risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that minor allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is Medium. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

The FSC has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this portfolio view for diversification, available on the FSC website.

CONSUMER OBJECTIVES	TMD INDICATOR	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION (INCLUDING KEY ATTRIBUTES)	
Consumer's investment objective			
Capital Growth	Green	The Fund aims to outperform the S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation	
Capital Preservation	Red	Index over the medium to long term.	
Income Distribution	Red		
Consumer's intended product use			
Solution / Standalone (100%)	Red	The Fund is comprised of 90-100% Australian and New Zealand equities and 0-10% cash. The portfolio diversificati	
Major allocation (up to 75%)	Red	of the Fund is Low.	
Core allocation (up to 50%)	Red		
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	Green		
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	Green		
Consumer's investment timeframe			
Minimum investment timeframe	5 years	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product is 5 years.	
Consumer's risk (ability to bear loss) an	d return profile		
Low	Red	The Fund's risk band is 7 (Very high). The Fund's hurdle rate is	
Medium	Red	S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index plus 2% applied on an	
High	Red	annual basis.	
Very High	Green		
Extremely High	Red		
Minimum timeframe to request withdra	awals		
Within one week of request	Green	Withdrawal requests can be made daily, and must be	
Within one month of request	Green	received, verified and accepted by the Fund's unit registry	
Within three months of request	Green	prior to 12pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day. Investors will	
Within one year of request	Green	normally receive payment of a withdrawal within 5 Business Days. Withdrawals may be delayed on or around a distributio date.	

DISTRIBUTION CONDITIONS		
Distribution Conditions	Distribution condition rationale	Distributors / Investors the condition applies to
Retail clients who have not received personal advice (as defined in the	This distribution condition will make it likely that the issuer can identify if the product is	Retail clients who invest directly with the issuer and have not received personal
Corporations Act) must complete consumer attribute questions to identify the purpose of their investment. Responses to these questions will be assessed by the issuer to determine if a significant dealing has occurred. If the applicant is identified as being at risk of harm, the issuer's trained staff will contact the applicant to ensure the risks of the product are fully understood. Risk of harm is assessed from certain escalation triggers embedded in the questionnaire.	being effectively distributed within the target market.	advice. Investment can be made either by completing a physical application form or by completing the online version of the same form.
Retail clients who have received personal advice must provide the name of the adviser and confirm that the investment is in connection with the implementation of	This will make it likely that investors are investing as directed by a professional adviser.	Retail clients who invest directly with the issuer and have received personal advice.





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financial advice when completing their		
application form.		
Unaffiliated distributors (that are not	This will ensure that the issuer can identify	Unaffiliated distributors (that are not
excluded by virtue of solely engaging in	distributors who are not able to effectively	excluded by virtue of solely engaging in
excluded conduct (as defined in the	distribute to the target market.	Excluded Conduct)
Corporations Act)) must have provided the		
issuer with the FSC Distributor Due Diligence		
Questionnaire, or an equivalent due		
diligence document.		
In addition, all distributors (that are not		
excluded by virtue of solely engaging in		
excluded conduct) are required to report to		
the issuer as per the reporting obligations		
outlined below. The issuer will incorporate		
distributor reporting into its ongoing		
monitoring procedures.		
Affiliated distributors (namely, the issuer,	This condition will assist the issuer to	Affiliated distributors
Investment Manager or their Related Bodies	demonstrate that reasonable steps have	
Corporate) who engage in retail product	been taken to ensure that the distribution	
distribution conduct (as defined in the	activities of its distributors are aligned to	
Corporations Act) must have demonstrated	the TMD.	
knowledge, competence and experience in		
the Fund, its characteristics and the		
contents of the TMD.		
Review triggers		
Material change to the product description in		
Material deviation from benchmark / objectiv	e over sustained period	
Product has not performed as disclosed by a r		
Determination by the issuer of an ASIC report	able 'significant dealing'	
Material number of complaints (as defined in	section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product o	or distribution of the product
The use of Product Intervention Powers, regu	ator orders, or directions that materially affects	s the product

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MANDATORY REVIEW PERIODS	
Review period	Maximum period for review
Initial review	1 year, 3 moths
Subsequent review	3 year, 3 months

Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating	As soon as practicable but no later	All distributors
to the product. The distributor should provide all the	than 10 business days following end	
content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	of calendar quarter.	
Significant dealing outside of target market, under section	As soon as practicable but no later	All distributors
994F(6) of the Act.	than 10 business days after	
	distributor becomes aware of the	
See Definitions for further detail	significant dealing.	

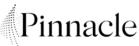
Limited using the method specified here.





TERM	DEFINITION
Consumer's investment objective	
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to generate capital return. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks and investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product to reduce volatility and minimise loss in a market down- turn. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets (such as cash or fixed income securities) that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments.
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or tax- effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
Consumer's intended product use	
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with very high portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least high portfolio diversification.
Core allocation (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least medium portfolio diversification.
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least low portfolio diversification.
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total investable assets. The consumer may seek a product with very low portfolio diversification. Products classified as extremely high risk are likely to meet this category only.
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.
Portfolio diversification (for comple	ting the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)
Very Low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market.
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income securities or global natural resources).
High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in multiple broad asset classes, sectors or geographic markets.
Very High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors and geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.
Consumer's intended investment til	neframe
Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile
extremely risky. The risk rating is bas	
 Volatility of returns is assest composite portfolios or an 	
Neither method captures all aspects Low	of risk and the risk category shown may shift over time. The lowest risk rating is not risk free. For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	 has a conservative or low risk appetite, seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and is comfortable with a low target return profile. The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).
Medium	 For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer: has a moderate or medium risk appetite, seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and is comfortable with a moderate target return profile. The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).
High	 For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer: has a high risk appetite, can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and





	 seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
	The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).
Very High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	 has a very high risk appetite,
	 can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7
	negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and
	seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
	The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).
Extremely High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has an extremely high risk appetite,
	 can accept significant volatility and losses, and
	 seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).
	The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asse classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Consumer's need to withdraw m	
	es the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to
	rally) and the receipt of proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider
	the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of such a request. To
	e underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions)
could impact this, this is to be tak	ken into consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is
	stributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to process requests for redemption for
	access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity
· ·	d likely realisable value on market should be considered, including in times of market stress.
Distributor Reporting	
Significant dealings	Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a
	significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC
	defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.
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